

THE LOUISVILLE DAILY JOURNAL.

VOLUME XVIII.

LOUISVILLE JOURNAL
FOUNDED AND EDITED BY
FRENTIE, HENDERSON & ORBISON.
JOURNAL OFFICE, BUILDING, GREEN STREET,
BETWEEN THIRD AND FOURTH.

LOUISVILLE, KENTUCKY, FRIDAY, APRIL 24, 1863.

NUMBER 118.

TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.

Evening Dispatches.

Generals Halleck and Dix on a Visit.

Copperhead Newspaper Mobbed.

A British Steamer Captured.

Gunpowder Designed for the Rebels.

Conflicting News from Mexico.

Scouting in the Blue Ridge Country.

Letters of Marque Not to be Issued.

Rappahannock Rebels Reinforced.

Successful Skirmish in Virginia.

Fatal Explosion of a Caisson.

The Iron-Clads Ready for Service!

Negroes Being Conscribed.

Disposal of Gen. McClellan's Staff.

Fighting Along the Cumberland.

Forriss Morris, April 21.

Two rebel deserters are upon the Minnesota.

They state that they belonged to the Merrimac No. 2; that they had recently left her lying at the obstructed river near Fort Darling, in James River, when a small number of workmen were engaged in removing the obstructions from the river at that point, for what purpose is not stated.

POLICE PROCEEDINGS.—Thursday, April 23. There was but little business of interest transacted in the police court this morning. The following were the only cases presented:

Pat Kelly, stealing two shirts and \$2,500 from Pat Ryan. This charge was not sustained. He was, however, held over in \$300 for bad behavior for six months.

Daniel Heenan was presented as a suspected felon. Discharged.

Chas. Williams was presented as a suspected felon. Continued.

John Brown, drunk and abusing his family. Bailed for \$100 for six months.

Captain Lippincott and Lieut. Hendear, 14th Kentucky Volunteers, arrived at Cincinnati on Tuesday morning on the steamboat Boston, with one hundred prisoners from the Big Sandy. There is among them a French and twenty of his officers; they were taken eighty miles from the headquarters of our troops at Piketon, Kentucky, on the Saturday.

(Special to the Tribune.)

WASHINGTON, April 21.

Three weeks ago it is understood that information was received from the commandant of the army on the Rappahannock was to be given to the public stores to be removed in the rear of Fredericksburg.

W. H. Smith, Captain, arrived here this morning with Gen. Halleck, and they both proceeded on their way to Suffolk.

New York, April 22.

The British prize steamer Gertrude arrived to-day. She was captured on the 10th of Harbor Island by the U. S. gunboat Vanderbilt, after penetrating the State, passed a distance from Bloomsfield, where she had been engaged in a series of unimportant points, appeared unexpectedly in the vicinity of Patterson, a town in Wayne County, situated about three-and-a-half miles below Pilot Knob.

To recruit and repair the sidewalk on both sides of Sixth street, from Main to Water.

EAST SIDE EIGHTH STREET. Feet.

John & Sonnenschein, 210.

W. M. Young, or owner, 164.

WEST SIDE EIGHTH STREET. Feet.

J. M. Talbot, 154.

Joseph Peterman, 154.

Mrs. J. B. Shield, 20.

Pat. Joyes, 30½.

J. M. Talbot, 37½.

J. M. Hare, 75-10-12.

To recruit and repair the sidewalk on both sides of Sixth street, from Main to Water.

EAST SIDE SIXTH STREET. Feet.

Thomas Joyce, 170.

Thos. Anderson's estate, 40.

D. Meriwether's estate, 383-2-12.

WEST SIDE SIXTH STREET. Feet.

A. B. Semple, 180.

Jacob Fergford, 56-11-12.

H. C. Thrall, 100.

Mary Dolon, 40.

Philip Fisher, 25.

E. J. Shockley, 115-3-4.

To recruit and repair the sidewalk on both sides of Fourth street, from Main to Water.

EAST SIDE FOURTH STREET. Feet.

John W. Taylor & Co., 264.

W. B. Reynolds' heirs, 46½.

James Franklin, 26.

James Stewart, 54-3-12.

J. H. Schoder, 22.

G. J. Miller, 15.

John J. Miller, 11-7-12.

Edmund Gross, 15-10-12.

Markel Pfirrmann, 22.

W. H. Merriweather, 50.

Frank Hyatt, 17.

J. B. Bland, 131-1-2.

WEST SIDE OF FOURTH STREET. Feet.

W. H. Field, estate, .90.

Private ally, 105¾.

R. H. Young, estate, 21½.

R. H. Young, u, 2-12.

R. H. Young, u, 22.

W. Campbell, 19.

Paul Villier, 21½.

John L. Martin, estate, 30.

H. D. & W. Newcomb, 32½.

H. D. Newcomb, 30.

R. G. Courtney, 30.

F. K. Young, 22.

J. A. Reynolds, heir, 14-9-12.

T. T. Shreve, 25.

Joe Graham or Mary L. Riddle, 25.

Thurston, Ben, A. & wife, 25.

D. K. Estes, 23-9-12.

W. P. Hahn, 60.

J. M. DELPH, Mayor, 161-10.

Mayor's Office, April 15, 1863.

Democratic copy.

Sheriff's Sale.

BY AN ORDER OF THE COUNTY COURT TO MY DIRECTED, I will, as Sheriff of Louisville, on the 25th day of April, 1863, at 10 o'clock A.M., in the city of Louisville, on a credit of one year, on the County Court day, the following-described NEGROES.

One black male, 20 years old, dark copper color, 5 feet 6 inches high, weight 160 lbs, thin whiskers and beard; hair black, eyes brown, teeth white, skin smooth.

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Country Daily (half sheet) per month, \$100.

Country Weekly (half sheet) per month, \$60.

Tri-Weekly per month, \$20.

Weekly per month, \$10.

All issues sent out by the date of publication.

The expiration of time for which they are discounted at the time of mailing.

THE AMERICAN HOUSE.

ONE SQUARE, TEN LINES ADDED ON LINES, DAILY;

1 insertion, \$2; 2 months, \$70; 1 month, \$50.

2 insertions, \$3; 2 months, \$120; 1 month, \$90.

4 insertions, \$6; 3 months, \$180; 1 month, \$120.

8 insertions, \$12; 6 months, \$300; 1 month, \$180.

16 insertions, \$24; 12 months, \$600; 1 month, \$300.

Each insertion, \$2.

Wants for Sale or Rent, for hire, and such notices, not to exceed 10 lines, \$100 per month.

MARRIAGES AND DEATHS 20 cents.

WEEKLY PAPERS—Fifty dollars square for first insertion; twenty dollars for each additional insertion.

Editorial notices, twenty dollars for each advertisement in the paper; twenty cents a line; each containing one column.

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NOTICE—Remittances by mail, cash registered letters, at our risk. The money must be remitted with the order for advertising or paid.

GEO. D. PRENTICE,
PAUL C. SHIPMAN, Editors.

UNION STATE TICKET.

FOR GOVERNOR.

JOSHUA F. BELL, of Boyle.

FOR LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR.

RICHARD T. JACOB, of Oldham.

FOR ATTORNEY GENERAL.

JOHN M. HARLAN, of Franklin.

FOR STATE TREASURER.

JAMES H. GAIRDAH, of Clay.

FOR AUDITOR OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTS.

THOMAS S. PAGE, of Franklin.

FOR REGISTER OF LAND OFFICE.

JAMES A. DAWSON, of Hard.

FOR SUPERINTENDENT OF PUB. INSTRUCTION,

DANIEL STEVENSON, of Franklin.

STATE CENTRAL COMMITTEE.

JAMES GUTHRIE, LEONARD D. PRENTICE,

MONTGOMERY, HAMILTON POPE, JOHN W. BARE,

Joshua T. Tavis, Secretary, to whom all communications should be addressed.

FRIDA , APRIL 24, 1863.

WE republish in the Journal of to-day several extracts, selected almost at random, from the latest speech delivered in the House of Representatives by the Hon. George H. Yeaman, of our State. We invite to these extracts the attention of the public. Mr. Yeaman is universally recognized in Congress as a young statesman of remarkable ability and of the highest promise. We trust our readers will agree with us that these passages from his latest effort fully warrant the judgment of his compatriots. We especially invite attention to the passage wherein Mr. Yeaman gives his respects to the secessionists of Kentucky under their new name of "DEMOCRATS."

WE must fight rebellion with all our energies. The issue is plainly marked out; we must either crush the designs of the Confederates or they will subjugate us. There can be no idea of pacification until those who commenced the war show some willingness to return to their allegiance. We must conquer or be conquered.

These are the alternatives; the preservation of the blessings of the Union, formed to establish justice, insure domestic tranquility, provide for the common defense, promote the general welfare, and to secure to them posterity for untold ages, or to permit the incalculations of the sages and patriots of the Revolution, to scoff at the precepts of Washington's Farewell Address, to acknowledge that a popular government is a failure, and accept the political philosophy which emanated from South Carolina and teaches that democratic principles and democratic institutions are delusions and failures, while a monarchy with aristocratic distinctions and favored classes is held up for our acceptance. Under the Constitution of the United States the people can execute their wishes and peacefully remove all their grievances as soon as they have destroyed this hydra-headed rebellion, but under the constitution of the Southern Confederacy, there is, necessarily, no will but that of the executive military power, and the popular will and desires can find no interpretation except through the mandates of the heaviest iron-hands of the world ever seen. There is hope of extrication from any complications which the wretched measures of President Lincoln may produce, but let the coils of the Southern Confederacy be once fastened around our institutions and the vital ark of liberty will be crushed out, our population will become the passive tools of ambitious knaves, and the sun of our national happiness, honor, and renown will sink forever amid gloom, disaster, and clouds.

FACILIS DESCENS AUREA.—Our neighbor of the Democrat, quoting the document we published in the Journal of Wednesday, purports to be the "CONSTITUTION OF THE DEMOCRATIC ASSOCIATION OF LOUISIANA," thus keenly distinguishing the document from ours.

It is the first we have seen of this platform; but it is a good one. The Journal has failed to point out a single objection to the creed.

Our neighbor, in his keenness, overlooked the objection we pointed out, or possibly he considers it no objection, though he certainly considered it an objection once, and not long ago either. The objection was thus pointed out to us by the remarks which accompanied the document in our columns:

The secession ear-mark in this document is apparent at a glance. It is plain, and shall we say, most unfeeling, that the "Democratic" cabal, "opposed to abolitionism in every guise, whi[n] is all very excellent being precisely the position of the Democratic party in Kentucky." We have it on good authority, that the "Democratic" cabals stop short, refusing to go further and declare that they are opposed in like manner to secession. This omission tells the whole story.

This is our objection to the document; and it is a good objection, our neighbor himself, we must confess, has been led by it.

The document is critical in spirit and drift with the Grover Resolutions, on which our neighbor thus commented in the Democratic "Daily" of New Orleans:

"The whole thing is, that the rebels are not to be admitted as a state, and that they are to be excluded from the Union."

That is to say, our neighbor, if he "must take one or the other" of "the two roads," will take neither! If this is philosophy, it is certainly "darky's philosophy" of the darkest order.

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FRIDAY, APRIL 24, 3 A. M.

Departure of Trains.
Louisville, New Albany, and Cincinnati R. R.
Chicago Express..... 8 A. M.
St. Louis, 10 A. M.
Louisville, Frankfort, and Lexington R. R.
Express..... 4 P. M.
Anderson, Louisville, and Frankfort R. R.
Louisville and Nashville Railroad..... 7 A. M.
Chicago, St. Louis, and New Orleans..... 7:30 A. M.
Fast Express for Cincinnati, Indianapolis, Chicago, and the East..... 2:45 P. M.
New Orleans, St. Louis, Cincinnati, and the West..... 10:30 P. M.

Contents of First and Fourth Pages.
Military Situation of Kentucky—Police Proceedings—Arrest of Louis Snyder—News Summary—Letter from Simpson County—Decisions of the Court of Appeals—Court of Appeals—Court of Appeals—Court of Appeals—Letter from Murfreesboro, Tenn.—Extracts from the Speech of Hon. Geo. H. Yeaman, of Kentucky, in the House of Representatives, Feb. 26, 1863—Necessities of Life—Itens, etc.

We are requested to announce that Col. John M. Harlan, Union candidate for the office of Attorney General of the State, will address the people of Anderson, Lawrenceburg on next Monday, the first day of the April term of the Circuit Court in that County. Let the people turn out in a body. Col. Harlan is not only one of the ablest lawyers and one of the truest patriots in Kentucky, but he stands likewise in the very front rank of the orators of the State.

TELEGRAM AT WASHINGTON.—The startling intelligence communicated this morning by telegraph that a clerk in the Adjutant-General's office, of thirty years' service, and having access to all its most important orders and movements, and also the chief clerk in the Pension Bureau, have been detected in conveying direct daily intelligence to the rebels, will awaken the country to the necessity of the existence of the secessionists, and Yeaman in the interests of the Union men.

THE NEW AMERICAN CYCLOPEDIA.—We have received from Mr. F. A. Crump the sixteenth volume of this Dictionary of General Knowledge, which closes the editorial labors of Messrs. Ripley and Dana. Attached to this number is a supplement containing new and omitted titles, which embrace a long list of names rendered famous by our civil war; the work was first commenced. The amount of labor necessary to the compilation of this undertaking has been immense, but it has been most thoroughly performed, and the Cyclopedias will long remain a monument of the business enterprise of its publishers, Messrs. Appleton & Co., of New York, and of the assiduity of its editors. We have on the appearance of each successive volume spoken of the value of the publication, and we can add nothing to our previous commendations. The work should be in the hands of every one who desires a perfect book of reference in all matters pertaining to art, science, biography, literature, natural history, geography, public characters, political economy, religion, or whatever else may interest the scholar, the gentleman of leisure, or the seeker after knowledge.

THE FAIR GROUNDS.—The directors of the Southwestern Agricultural and Mechanical Association, in view of the failure of the stockholders to respond to the call for means to extinguish the debt of the company, have decided that a sale of the property is unavoidable. In accordance therefore with the instructions given to them at the meeting of stockholders last month, and from a firm conviction of the necessity of the measure, they have determined to receive proposals until the 9th May prox, enclosing bids for the purchase of the Fair Grounds, and directed to J. B. O' Banion, Esq., the Treasurer of the Association. An advertisement in another column states that such bids will be expected to state the terms of payment, and also to contain a statement of the claims of the claims of the society. We trust that the weight of the argument will be with the stockholders to make enough to hoist at once the rather meagre banner and fight under their true colors.

We honor the gallant Yeaman for the stand he has taken. He is a patriot and a statesman of whom the country expects much, and we have an abiding conviction that he will not disappoint the high expectations entertained for him.

CHICAGO MUNICIPAL ELECTION.—The municipal election in Chicago on Tuesday last resulted in the triumph of the entire Democratic ticket. The contest was intensely exciting, and over twenty thousand votes were polled, exceeding by four or five thousand the vote at any previous election. Everything passed off quietly and peacefully, notwithstanding the intense interest existing among the voters with reference to the questions at issue, and resulted in a sweeping Democratic victory. A Democratic Mayor, a majority of Democratic Aldermen, and Democratic Recorder, Collector, Treasurer, Police Commissioner, Member of the Board of Public Works, Attorney, Police Clerk, and Fire Department, are the results of the victory.

THE CELINA AFFAIR.—The results of the recent expedition to Celina, the crossing place of the Cumberland river in Tennessee, south of Monroe county, in this State, were much more satisfactory than at first reported. Col. Graham, of the 5th Indiana cavalry, was in command, and the force comprised his regiment and the 14th Illinois cavalry. Col. Horace Capron, the latter officer having fortunately found active service as soon as he reached the advance. The town, which had been a most pestiferous rebel rendezvous and depot, was totally destroyed, together with 100,000 lbs bacon, 10,000 bushels corn, 10,000 bushels wheat, 100,000 bushels flour, and considerable quantities of sugar, coffee, tea, salt, and other stores. Besides these, forty flats, which had been used in transporting supplies from Burkesville and other points on the Cumberland, were rendered incapable of further employment in that line. The expedition was well planned and most effectively increased.

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THE JUVENILE ROBBERS.—We have frequently referred to the thieving propensities of a band of young rascals who infest the city, and are ripening for the penitentiary. The latest acts committed by them was upon a gentleman in the upper part of the city, who informs us that they first stole a lot of chickens from his stable, and on the following night stole a quantity of corn. They next stole a valuable saddle. The next day he bought a ferocious bulldog and tied him in the stable, and the very same night the thieving young scoundrels came and stole the dog. Ordinary thieves have no business in these parts.

REAL ESTATE SALE.—Mr. C. C. Spencer sold at auction yesterday afternoon thirty lots in Churchill's addition to the city. The prices ranged from \$500 to \$14 per foot. The purchasers were mostly capitalists of the city, doubtless seeking a safe and profitable investment. These lots were located outside the city limits, beyond Kentucky street, and between Seventh street and the railroad. The attendance was large, notwithstanding it was a cloudy and bad afternoon, and the bidding soon became very spirited. The footing up of the sale was \$6,411 40.

MILITARY COMMISSION.—Col. Pennebaker, 27th Kentucky; Maxwell, 26th Kentucky; and Hawkins, 11th Kentucky; and Lieut. Col. L. H. Rousseau, 12th Kentucky; Trout, 25th Michigan; and Benj. H. Bristow, 5th Kentucky, have been ordered to this city as commissioners to try prisoners. They have all reached here and will convene this morning at 10 o'clock at the Customhouse. Lieut. Col. Bristow acts as Judge Advocate.

We are informed upon good authority that Mr. H. C. Dunbar, whose arrest we published yesterday, was in no way connected with the gambling hell of Charles Hammer, and is not identified as a gambler. Mr. D. W. was on a visit to our city connected with his business, and was not associated with the party with whom he was arrested. We therefore cheerfully make this correction.

MR. J. M. Armstrong, our Main Street Clothier, on his return from the East yesterday, brought with him a full supply of the latest papers on his route, for which he will accept our thanks.

GEO. BOYLE arrived in this city from Washington Wednesday evening, and assumed his command yesterday. Gen. Wright departed for Cincinnati yesterday.

Yesterday was another dull and gloomy day, calculated to draw largely upon the imagination of locals, in lieu of matter of fact items.

The guards are constantly picking up straggling soldiers in the city who are so unfortunate as to be without a pass.

We learn that a mammoth tobacco warehouse and factory is to be erected on the corner of Washington and First streets.

The number of strangers in the city at present is without precedent in the history of Louisville.

The Louisville Tobacco Warehouse is being enlarged to meet the increasing demand for storage.

There was but one arrest made yesterday, and military matters in the city are unusually dull.

MELODEONS OF LOUISVILLE PRODUCTION.—It may not generally known to our citizens that we have in this city the highest order of talent, combined with experience, in the manufacture of musical instruments. But such is the fact, and it requires only the encouragement which merit deserves to render us, in this particular, independent of Eastern skill and capital. We refer to the Messrs. Nardin (father and son), whose meledeons some years ago, on more than one occasion bore off the palm with competing with instruments of far greater pretension from the best Eastern manufacturers. They have recently commenced business anew on the south side of Walnut near Twelfth street, under the name of Nardin & Son, and are turning out instruments which are not only creditable to the firm but to our city. A specimen of their work, to be seen in Andrew's Church, on Chestnut, between Ninth and tenth streets, has been greatly admired and pronounced by good judges to equal anything of the kind they have ever seen in the workings of the keys, in tone, and in its harmony with the human voice. Nardin & Son, we believe, are the only manufacturers of meledeons west of Buffalo, and only a few weeks ago an Eastern firm offered them high inducements to break up here and go into an Eastern establishment, but they have faith in the disposition of our Western people to patronize home manufactures, especially when they exceed all others, and on this point their instruments will speak for themselves—if properly approached.

THE NEW AMERICAN CYCLOPEDIA.—We have received from Mr. F. A. Crump the sixteenth volume of this Dictionary of General Knowledge, which closes the editorial labors of Messrs. Ripley and Dana. Attached to this number is a supplement containing new and omitted titles, which embrace a long list of names rendered famous by our civil war; the work was first commenced. The amount of labor necessary to the compilation of this undertaking has been immense, but it has been most thoroughly performed, and the Cyclopedias will long remain a monument of the business enterprise of its publishers, Messrs. Appleton & Co., of New York, and of the assiduity of its editors. We have on the appearance of each successive volume spoken of the value of the publication, and we can add nothing to our previous commendations. The work should be in the hands of every one who desires a perfect book of reference in all matters pertaining to art, science, biography, literature, natural history, geography, public characters, political economy, religion, or whatever else may interest the scholar, the gentleman of leisure, or the seeker after knowledge.

McFEELEY is forsworn and suspicious.—He is reported to be a favorite at the armistice, the selling of a national convention, and working, if necessary, the aid of some European power to adjust and settle our national troubles. Mr. Nardin & Son, candidates for Congress, at Calhoun, McLean county, on the 6th inst. The account given in both papers represents Col. McNeil, as a man of great energy and ability, and a plenipotentiary to the President to prosecute and put down the rebellion until the President will draw his sword against the rebels. He is reported also as favoring an armistice, the selling of a national convention, and working, if necessary, the aid of some European power to adjust and settle our national troubles. Mr. Nardin & Son, candidates for Congress, at Calhoun, McLean county, on the 6th inst. The account given in both papers represents Col. 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